

NEW FIRM.—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. BLACKBURN & GAINES, which appears in our paper this morning. Mr. Blackburn is now on east selecting an entire new stock of goods, and from his well known taste and experience in this line, we feel confident that their assortment, will surpass in variety and quality, any ever offered before in this city. Both gentlemen are well known in this vicinity, and bear a high reputation for urbanity and business capacity, and we can assure the ladies who may patronize the establishment that they can procure any article, usually kept in their line, and upon very advantageous terms. We commend their new firm to the public, with our heartiest wishes for their success.

It may be considered a little remarkable that the first victim of the Know Nothing proscription in Philadelphia is a woman. Miss Mary McCune, for many years one of the most popular and estimable teachers in the public schools in that city, has been removed from her employment by the Know Nothing directors for the simple and only reason that her father was born in Ireland, and that she worships in a Catholic church. The destructive and proscriptive spirit of Know Nothingism knows neither age nor sex. It strikes down alike young children and helpless women, if they or their fathers do not come up to their standard of excellence. How long public opinion will tolerate such bigotry remains to be seen.

That world-renowned novelist, G. P. R. James, Esq., is out with a new novel, "Ticonderoga," it is the first fruits of his sojourn in this country. Our readers should go to Messrs. Morton & Griswolds and get it, to see how his magic pen can work up the scenes and characters of our native land.

We noticed, in our last, Col. De Korponey's Grand Prize Ball, which came off on Tuesday night at the Capitol Hotel, but were unable to get a list of the recipients of the prizes. They are as follows: The most valuable prize was awarded to Mrs. E. T. of Lexington. Of his Louisville class Miss A. O. Jacobs received the first prize, Miss E. P. the second, Miss P. Pratt the third. Of his Frankfort class Miss M. B. Barmley received the first, Miss B. Hord second, Miss Keenan third, Miss C. M. C. fourth, Miss Lindsey fifth, Miss Gray sixth, Miss Batchelor seventh, Miss Hunt eighth, and Miss Hoffman ninth. Of the young Gents, Master F. Place received first prize, J. Watson second, Lindsey third, J. T. fourth. Of Lexington pupils: Miss M. B. Johnson first, Miss M. Smith second, Miss N. Johnson third, Miss M. Ely fourth, Miss E. T. fifth, Miss E. V. sixth, Miss C. P. seventh, Young Gents:—M. Johnson first prize, Of Georgetown: Miss L. Johnson first prize. Master D. Johnson first prize.

What is fame to a heart yearning for affection and finding it not? It is like the victor's wreath to him who is parched with fever, and longing for the one cooling draught—the cup of cold water.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.—Blocks for PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.—One of the Boston papers says that 'the friends of the late John S. Skinner propose to testify their respect for his public services and personal worth by raising \$6,000, of which \$5,000 is to be presented to his widow, and \$1,000, employed in placing a block inscribed to his memory in the Washington Monument. The latter part of the proposition will probably fall through, as will a similar design to have a stone for Zadock Pratt, of New York, in the Washington Monument.' We trust that there is a sufficient amount of common sense in the board of Directors of the Monument to prevent the accomplishment of any such design as that above mentioned. The Monument is to be erected to Washington not to John S. Skinner or Zadock Pratt, and the proposition is in very bad taste, to say the least. If the friends of these individuals desire to perpetuate their memories, there are plenty of ways to accomplish the object, without outraging the feelings of nine-tenths of the people, who think—and rightly think—that this monument should be sacred to Washington, and to him alone—no other person, however distinguished being permitted to share in the testimonial.

AWFUL CALAMITY!

FRIGHTFUL HURRICANE.

TWENTY PERSONS KILLED—FIFTEEN OR TWENTY OTHERS SERIOUSLY WOUNDED—A CHURCH AND SEVERAL HOUSES IN RUINS—ONE HUNDRED BUILDINGS UNROOFED AND OTHERWISE INJURED—ACCIDENTS TO THOSE RESCUING THE VICTIMS.

Twelve o'clock, August 27th, 1854, will long be remembered as a terrible epoch in the history of Louisville.

With that hour came death to many persons assembled in the house of God, engaged in worship, and destruction to a vast amount of property in the city.

One of the most violent storms which has ever swept over this section of Kentucky left its fearful footprints in the city yesterday. After a severe shower of many weeks duration, the sky, early in the day, indicated rain. The clouds gathered, and we had what persons, not within the reach of the tornado accompanying it, would call a thunder shower. But within the reach of its sweeping blast, was the Third Presbyterian Church, corner of Eleventh and Walnut streets, which it completely wrecked—blowing

from a westerly direction, the entire building fell in, roof, rafters, brick walls and all, crushing some twenty of the congregation to instant death, and wounding seriously, perhaps mortally, some ten or twelve others. The scene is described as most heart-rending. A large crowd assembled, and began their search for the victims, a mother and her three children were grouped in death; another presented a father, mother and babe—the father dead, the mother mortally wounded, while their little child, placed beneath them, escaped unhurt, protected by the arms, of its parents. In other instances some of the victims were found terribly bruised and maimed. The catastrophe has stricken consternation into the very heart of the city, and its people are appalled beyond belief. The following is a list of killed and wounded:

KILLED.
Mrs. Vildeke and three children, residence corner of Tenth and Green streets.
Mr. Taylor and child, residence on Chesnut between Thirtieth and Fourteenth.
Mr. Godfrey, residence on Thirtieth, between Madison and Chesnut.
Mrs. Salisbury, wife of Mr. Salisbury, city pump maker, residence on Ninth street, between Walnut and Chesnut.
Miss Headley, aged about eleven years, residence on Fifth street.
Mr. McGowan, residence on Market, between Ninth and Tenth.
Mr. Sweeney, carpenter, residence corner of Eighth and Broadway.
Mrs. Martin, wife of John N. Martin, sander residence not known.
Mrs. Wicks, wife of Capt. Wm. Wicks, residence not known.
Niece of Mrs. Martin, residence not known.

Mr. Harbort, residence on Ninth, between Market and Broadway.
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WOUNDED.
Mrs. Taylor, wife of Mr. Taylor, who was killed and child. Both severely.
Miss Duff, residence on Eighth street, between Walnut and Chesnut; three ribs broken, and otherwise injured. Will probably recover.
Mrs. Pennebaker, wife of Mr. Pennebaker, City Councilman from the Sixth Ward; slightly injured.
Mrs. Mosel, dangerously injured. No hopes of recovery.
Miss Mosel, aged eighteen years; severely injured, but will probably recover.
Miss Hewitt and child, residence on Market street, between Ninth and Tenth. Badly hurt, but will recover.
Wash. Ragan, of the Eighth ward police seriously injured.
Mr. Bailey, bricklayer, had an eye knocked out while efforts were being made to rescue him from the ruins.
Miss Cooper, severely injured.

It is known that some twenty other persons were injured, but we were unable to ascertain their names.
Coroner Green held inquests upon some of the victims, among whom was Alexander McDaniel, a gentleman recently from New York City, who was engaged at the Kentucky Livery Stable, and whose person was found in gold, and a silver watch.
Upon the body of Mr. Sweeney, another victim, was found a purse containing \$800.
A newshy, who was near the Church at the time, was blown fifty yards across a plank fence, and quite seriously injured.

At the time the terrible accident occurred, there were some thirty persons in the church, about fifty of whom, it is supposed, were in the pews. It is supposed that the church was blown up by the force of the wind, and that the roof fell in, crushing the people beneath it.

The storm which passed over the city yesterday was one of the most destructive that ever occurred in the West. It commenced about 12 o'clock, passing over that portion of the city lying between Fifth and Twenty-first streets, tearing up trees, blowing houses, and destroying large numbers of buildings. The wind had an almost entirely horizontal, and it is probable that all who were killed have been taken out.

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Nugent. Mrs. Nugent was asleep in her house when the accident occurred but singular to say, escaped unhurt. A row of twenty-one brick cottages, on Kentucky street, belonging to Messrs. Cochran and Masterson, were all completely unroofed. A little boy, whose name we did not learn, was killed by the falling of a piece of timber.

Many other houses were injured, which we have not space to specify this morning. Trees were uprooted in every part of the city, most of them being Sixth street.

Western Union, that in Shippensburg and Portland, the storm was very high, and no damage of consequence was sustained.

There was a minor in the city last night, that a church in New Albany was struck by lightning, and a large number of persons killed; but we could trace the report to no reliable source. We understand that the storm was very severe in Jeffersonville, and that three or four houses were blown down.

JOHN MITCHELL AND ARCHBISHOP HUGHES.
Archbishop Hughes is famous for his newspaper controversies. He has, at least, one or two every year. He seems to enjoy the exercise. His last piece of recreation in this line was a series of anonymous letters to a newspaper who certainly did not have the best of it. In one of these letters, finally acknowledged by the Bishop, he administered some smart blows over Mr. Mitchell's shoulders. The following are the particulars.

Mr. Mitchell is the first person who made the magnificent discovery in military tactics that a good plan would be to dig a trench in the rear of all Dublin houses more than one story high, and to pass by in the streets, without inquiring whether the enemy's liquid should fall on the head or the enemy of his country.

Mr. Mitchell is the same Irish patriot who, if he had a good plantation in Alabama, would shoot and eat his negroes, and then go on to shoot and eat the negroes who had shot and eaten his negroes. He is a man of great energy, and his plan would be to dig a trench in the rear of all Dublin houses more than one story high, and to pass by in the streets, without inquiring whether the enemy's liquid should fall on the head or the enemy of his country.

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noon, a fire broke out in the rear of the hotel, and swept the village from Wm. Talburt's large furniture store on the north and eastward by the Baptist Church, which was saved. The property destroyed included every store in the village, every building south and west to the river, and a new ship, Capt. James Cook's new bark, both on the stocks all the timber in J. Clark's yard for a large office. The loss must exceed \$250,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.
The Stars says that the officers of the Treasury Department have discovered a series of frauds committed by one of the collectors of the customs removed by the presents Administration, similar to those perpetrated by the collection of Oswego.

A son of Dr. Hunt, of Washington, shot himself this morning whilst on a gunning expedition. The lead entered the heart, causing instant death.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 24.
New Orleans papers of Friday last are received.

The Hon. David Elliot Hughes, a prominent man in South Carolina, and at one time the representative of that State in the U. S. Senate, died recently at Sullivan's Island, Charleston.

FIRE IN LOUISVILLE.
On Saturday night about half-past ten o'clock, an old frame building between Jefferson and Green, and Campbell and Shelby streets, was discovered to be on fire. The fire, with its usual alacrity, were soon at the scene of conflagration; but, owing to the great scarcity of water, they were unable to render much service; and the flames spread with great rapidity, communicating to the extensive lumber yard of Messrs. Huling, Stacey & Co., There were in the yard, about one million feet of pine lumber, mostly first rate; and six hundred thousand shingles, all of which was destroyed. The heat of the fire was intense; and many buildings a square off, caught several times. A two story brick building, adjoining the frame house, where the fire originated, was destroyed. It belonged to Mr. Phillip Follmer. Three or four frame buildings, on Green street, between Shelby and Campbell, were consumed. They belonged to Charles Sherman, Mrs. Werner, and Mr. Follmer. There were one or two small houses destroyed.

The loss of Messrs. Huling, Stacey & Co., amounts to \$25,000. No insurance.

The preman deserves much praise for their untiring exertions. They had to force water a distance of from two to three squares.—*Lat. Democrat.*

DEATH OF A LITTLE STEVEN.—In Nahua, N. H., the 21st ult., Charles Wicks, a young child of W. H. W. and Mary Ann, aged about two weeks. There is a tradition with this little child which somebody may be interested to know. About two months ago, while Mr. W. H. W. Ball, who keeps the restaurant in the railroad station in this city, was standing upon the platform, and just as the evening train was about to start, a gentleman unknown to him stepped from the car and handed him a package, and immediately returned to the car, which was a very small one. The package was found to contain a child of about two weeks, and was a very small one. The child was found to be a boy, and was named Charles Wicks. The child was found to be a very healthy one, and was named Charles Wicks. The child was found to be a very healthy one, and was named Charles Wicks.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 25.
The Savannah Courier admits that the yellow fever was not introduced into that city by the organization of the Howard Association and daily reports of the board of health.

At Charleston they have published a list of the yellow fever cases, and with a few exceptions, they have occurred at Liverpool and among the shipping. The total number last week were 34, which were by yellow fever.

The steamer Sylvestra, which was captured at landing on the Mississippi. The Captain and three others were killed. The ship was blown up by the force of the wind, and the crew were killed.

Official information has been received at Washington from Lord Egin, that pending the action of the imperial and provincial legislatures of the St. Lawrence will be granted to American vessels.

Messrs. John Rhea and C. H. Mallory of Elizabeth City had agreed to fight a duel, but the latter was arrested at Norfolk, where the meeting was to take place, and put under \$5,000 bail. The affair was afterwards settled "satisfactorily to all parties concerned."

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.
The North Star arrived this morning. She left Aspinwall on the 17th, with 400 passengers but no specie on freight.

Capt. Hollins, of the Cyane, was arrested yesterday at the instance of Calum Danard for the destruction of his property at Graytown. The damages are valued at \$40,000. Capt. Hollins gave \$20,000 bail.

The Washington Star intimates that the U. S. will recall the ex-ambassador to Dillon, the French consul at San Francisco, as a punishment for filibustering projects.

BOSTON, Aug. 21.
In the Municipal Court, to-day, Pittellard and Curry were arraigned on two indictments charging them with stealing from Mr. Fawcett, the Bostonian. The case was not tried, as much on facts of law, but whether or not persons committing robberies in foreign countries can be tried here because they bring stolen property with them.

Wm. Lexord, who was convicted for assaulting R. H. Dana, Jr., counsel for Anthony Burns, was today sentenced to 18 months hard labor in the house of correction.

The President has pardoned A. C. Pittman, formerly master of the bark Missouri. He was convicted of stealing several thousand dollars in coin after the vessel was wrecked. He was sentenced to the State Jail for three years and had served two. He was liberated this morning.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.
Joe Men'ler, the man who confessed the murder of a man in Burlington county, N. J., died in the county prison to-day of typhoid fever. It is not yet known with certainty whether he committed murder.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 25.
Col Bissell, of Illinois is lying dangerously ill at Berkely Springs.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 25.
There was 30 interments yesterday, 11 of yellow fever, and 11 new cases. Berrien Burrough, commission merchant and Capt. Wm. Hite are both dead.

DEMARSCOTTA, ME., Aug. 25.
At Waldoboro', at o'clock this afternoon, a fire broke out in the rear of the hotel, and swept the village from Wm. Talburt's large furniture store on the north and eastward by the Baptist Church, which was saved. The property destroyed included every store in the village, every building south and west to the river, and a new ship, Capt. James Cook's new bark, both on the stocks all the timber in J. Clark's yard for a large office. The loss must exceed \$250,000.

Shooting affair.—We learn that on Sunday evening last, a negro man belonging to Andrew Wood, Sen., riding toward Mayslick on horse-back, met on the turnpike, walking toward Washington, a negro man belonging to Milton Dougherty, when, without any words passing, the former drew a pistol and shot the latter, the ball entering on one side and passing 7 inches through the centre of the body toward the other side. The latter is still living, but his recovery is doubtful. He was armed with a pistol, but report says he had not drawn it and had not recognized his antagonist. There was a "lady of color" in the case.—*Maysville Eagle.*

One Glass of Wine.—The Duke of Orleans, a son of Louis Philippe, was the inheritor of a watery rights his royal father could transmit. He was a noble young man—physically and intellectually noble. His generous qualities made him universally popular. One morning he invited a companion to breakfast with him, as he was about to take his departure from Paris to join his regiment. In the conviviality of the hour he drank a little too much wine. He did not become intoxicated. He was not in any respect a dissipated man. His character was lofty and noble. But in that joyous hour he drank a glass too much. He slightly lost his balance of his body and of his mind. Bidding good-bye to his companion he entered his carriage, but at extra glass of wine he would have kept his seat. He leaped from the carriage. But for that extra glass of wine he would have alighted on his feet. His head first struck the pavement. Senseless and bleeding he was taken into a shop and died. The extra glass of wine overthrew the Orleans dynasty, discredited the property of his hundred millions of dollars, and sent the whole family to exile.

IF we learn that the storm which visited Louisville before yesterday did no damage at Portland, but it is said to have been very violent at New Albany, and it is rumored that several persons were killed.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
BARGAINS!
GOODS AT COST!

In consequence of the late fire I am determined to sell my stock of Dr. Cassell's REMEDY (COST) and my friends and customers especially are invited to call and examine to convince themselves.

Particular attention is called to my stock of Silks, Laces, Bangles, Gingham, Mantillas, Under Slaves, Collars, &c.

Under Old Fellows Hall, Broadway, Frankfort, Ky.

I. P. BLACKWELL.
[Cont'd. copy.]

SCALD OR SORE HEAD, AND OTHER AFFECTIONS.
A most remarkable cure by Dr. Cassell's Ointment. Mrs. Jackson, of Milk-street, Boston, has two children, aged three and five years; both of them were afflicted from their birth with the most intractable scalds which greatly retarded their general health. The mother tried every remedy likely to benefit them, but without success. A friend recommended Dr. Cassell's Ointment, and she used it, and in a few days the scalds were cured. The children were now healthy and happy.

DR. CASSIDY'S YELLOW DOCK AND SASSAPILLA.
For the cure of disease, or as a purgative of blood and as a general tonic. It is a most valuable medicine, and is a most valuable medicine, and is a most valuable medicine.

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